



Risk Assessment: Using Barton Camp Pool

Assessment to be agreed and signed for by:

Position:

Date:

What task, activity or environment is being assessed?	What hazards or dangers?	Who or What is affected?	Degree to potential injury?	Existing controls to either eliminate or reduce the risk of an accident happening.	Probability of an accident happening?	What is the risk factor?
Using the Camp Pool	1. Supervision	Pupils, staff, volunteers & the public	Serious – Fatal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One person should be designated as the party leader. • Same gender supervision must be available when pupils are using the changing room facilities. • Adequate life-saving cover must be available to the user group. This would consist of a suitably trained lifeguard or competent person to ensure the safe retrieval of pupils/staff from the water. • Pupils are regularly assessed on ability to see what areas of the pool are safe for them to use. • No member of the party must swim or attempt to swim in water whose depth is deeper than what they can confidently stand up in. They must be capable and well supervised to go into deep water. • A regular head count is made of pupil/staff numbers • All adult helpers having unsupervised access to participants during changing times or swimming 	Possible	Medium Risk

				must be CRB checked.		
2. Drowning or serious injury due to slipping, pushing & horseplay	Pupils, staff, volunteers & the public	Serious – Fatal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pupils are given instructions as to what level of behaviour is expected. • Rules of the pool and warning signs must be clearly communicated to all in the group. I.e. No Diving, No • Unauthorised floats, No eating or drinking and No • “Bombing” (jumping in he pool curled up like a ball) • The pool must be kept clear at all times. Equipment such as floatation aids, life saving equipment and lane markers should be stored appropriately ensuring safe access and egress is available from the water. • Pupils must not run around the perimeter of the pool. • Pupils are assessed on ability to see what areas of the pool are safe for them to use. • Anyone exhibiting poor behaviour is told to sit out. • Non swimmers are carefully monitored at all times 	Possible	Medium Risk	
3. Water Clarity.	Users of the Pool	Serious injury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervising staff should ensure that overcrowding does not take place when children are using the pool. • Pool attendants should make it clear to anyone acting in an anti-social manner that it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated 	Possible	Medium Risk	
4. Bad or antisocial behaviour	Pupils, staff & members of the public	Minor injury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervising staff should ensure that overcrowding does not take place when children are using the pool. • Pool attendants should make it clear to anyone acting in an anti-social manner that it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. 	Possible	Medium Risk	

<p>5. Injury & accidents</p>	<p>Pupils, staff & the public</p>	<p>Serious injury</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Life belts etc must be readily available at all times • Pupils/staff are briefed as to what to do if they get into difficulties or an emergency arises. • Staff should have the means of contacting the emergency services in case of an emergency. • First aid provision should be known to staff. • The party leader must have the appropriate first aid • Knowledge • Be aware of safety factors that could lead to unexpected illness/incident, i.e. sudden immersion into cold water triggering an Asthma attack, an allergic reaction to chemicals in the pool. 	<p>Possible</p>	<p>Medium Risk</p>
<p>6. Sump outlet pipes</p>	<p>Pupils</p>	<p>Serious injury</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Those responsible for the management of the pool should ensure that outlet pipes at the bottom of the pool are securely fastened. • Holes in grilles should not be large enough for children's fingers to become trapped. 	<p>Possible</p>	<p>Medium Risk</p>
<p>Section 2 – Action Plan for further controls</p>					
<p>Hazard needing further control?</p>	<p>Additional precautions needed to eliminate or reduce the hazard to at least a Medium Risk or ideally a Low Risk</p>	<p>Who is responsible for implementing these controls?</p>	<p>When are these controls to be implemented?</p>	<p>When were these controls implemented?</p>	



	<p>1. Supervision</p>	<p>With respect to age, ability and pupil's numbers, Ensure supervisors & helpers understand their roles and are fully briefed on what actions are required in the event of an emergency.</p> <p>The ratio of adults to pupils for ages 5-8 should be 1 to 8. For ages 8-11 the ratio should be 1 to 12.</p> <p>Additional help may be necessary to supervise pupils not swimming or leaving the water early.</p>	<p>Supervising Staff</p>			
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All risk assessments are reviewed annually in September